

SAN FRANCISCO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AGENCY

Effective: 01/07/13
Supersedes: 09/01/11

Protocol: P-014.4

DYSRHYTHMIAS: WIDE COMPLEX TACHYCARDIA

SUBJECTIVE FINDINGS

See DYSRHYTHMIAS: OVERVIEW Protocol (P-014).

OBJECTIVE FINDINGS

- Mental status
- Heart rate
- Blood pressure
- Evidence of CHF

Definition of Stable Vs. Unstable	
STABLE: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Normal mental status AND/OR- Signs of normal or mildly decreased perfusion.	UNSTABLE <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Signs of poor perfusion:<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Heart rate- Decreased level of consciousness or altered mental status.- SBP < 90 (with signs/symptoms of hypo-perfusion).- CHF (Respiratory distress with rales).- Moderate to severe chest pain.

STABLE	
BLS Treatment	ALS Treatment
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Routine Medical Care.• See DYSRHYTHMIAS OVERVIEW Protocol.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• IV access [see PRECAUTIONS AND COMMENTS]• Amiodarone 150 mg in 100 ml D5W slow IV infusion over 10 minutes (see PRECAUTIONS AND COMMENTS).

Additional Conditions Requiring ALS Treatment
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• For Torsades de Pointes, give Magnesium Sulfate 1-2 grams in 100 ml NS slow IV infusion over 10 min.• Consider Adenosine only if wide-complex tachycardia is regular and monomorphic. Give Adenosine 6 mg rapid IVP and flush with a 20 ml NS bolus.• If dysrhythmia persists 1-2 minutes after initial dose, repeat Adenosine 12 mg rapid IVP flushed with 20 ml NS bolus repeat q 1-2 minutes up to a total of 30 mg.

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UNSTABLE	
BLS Treatment	ALS Treatment
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Routine Medical Care.• See DYSRHYTHMIAS OVERVIEW Protocol.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Midazolam 5 mg IN (2.5 mg each nostril) or 5 mg IM or 2.5 mg slow IV push to a maximum dose of 5 mg (may be repeated every five minutes). Titrate to sedative effect.• Morphine sulfate 4 mg slow IVP for pain control if needed and normotensive. See PAIN CONTROL Protocol (P-019).• Synchronized cardioversion (50J, 75J, 120J, 150J, 200J) for biphasic; OR equivalent monophasic; per manufacturer's instructions. (see PRECAUTIONS AND COMMENTS)• If synchronized cardioversion fails, give Amiodarone 150 mgs in 100 ml D5W slow IV infusion over 10 minutes. (see PRECAUTIONS AND COMMENTS).• Defibrillate patients in near arrest or with no pulse. (see PRECAUTIONS AND COMMENTS).

DOCUMENTATION

- Stability documented (chart contains the word stable or unstable).
- If cardioverted or defibrillated, document number of shocks, joules and patient response.

PRECAUTIONS AND COMMENTS

- **Wide QRS complex is defined as greater than or equal to 0.12 seconds.**
- A wide complex tachycardia is most often ventricular in origin, but may be supraventricular tachycardia with aberrant conduction.
- An **irregular** rapid rhythm is most likely atrial fibrillation.
- Unsynchronized and synchronized cardioversion energy levels vary according to the type of waveform, biphasic or monophasic. Follow manufacturer's instructions when cardioverting.
- Inject 150 mgs of **Amiodarone** into 100cc of D5W on minidrip. Run wide open.
- Do not use **Amiodarone** in the presence of underlying atrial fibrillation, atrial flutter, bradycardia with ventricular escape beats, or other conduction defect (2nd or 3rd degree AV block).
- Signs of **Amiodarone** toxicity include hypotension, 3rd degree AV block and prolonged QT interval.
- If fluid challenge/replacement is required, place IV of NS.